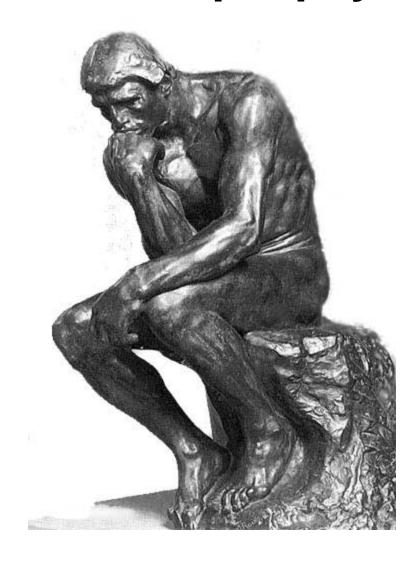
## Neuropsychological Evaluation of the Cognitive Correlates of Epilepsy

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Stanford University Medical
Center

Department of Neurology and Neurological Sciences



# Different Approaches to the Brain and its Disorders

- Neurology
- Neuropsychology
- Neurosurgery
- Psychology
- Psychiatry



#### **Definition**

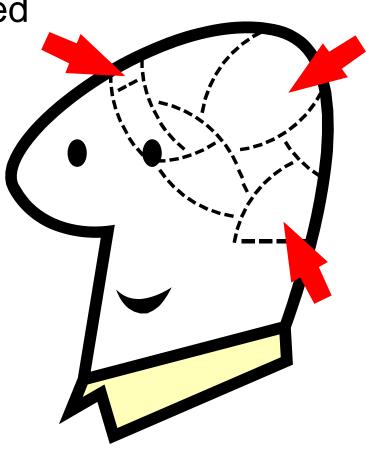
- Study of brain-behavior relationships
- Evaluation of the effects of cerebral dysfunction on mental performance and behavior.
  - Standardized instruments
  - Interpretation using a normative data base



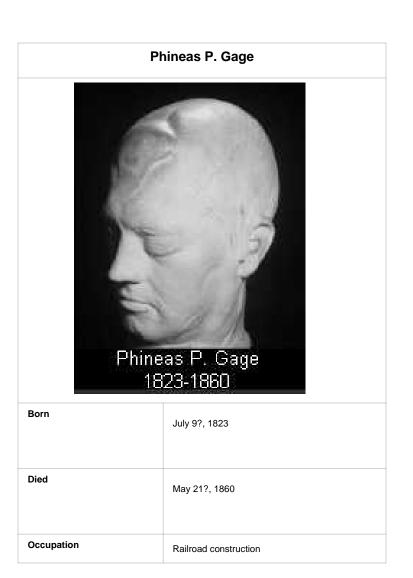
## Neuropsychology Test Battery

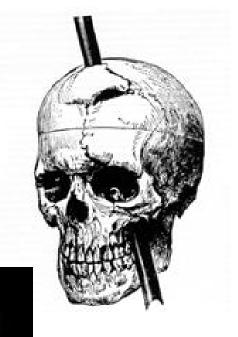
Cognitive Domains Assessed

- Intelligence
- Achievement
- Learning and Memory
- Language
- Attention
- Executive Function
- Motor Function

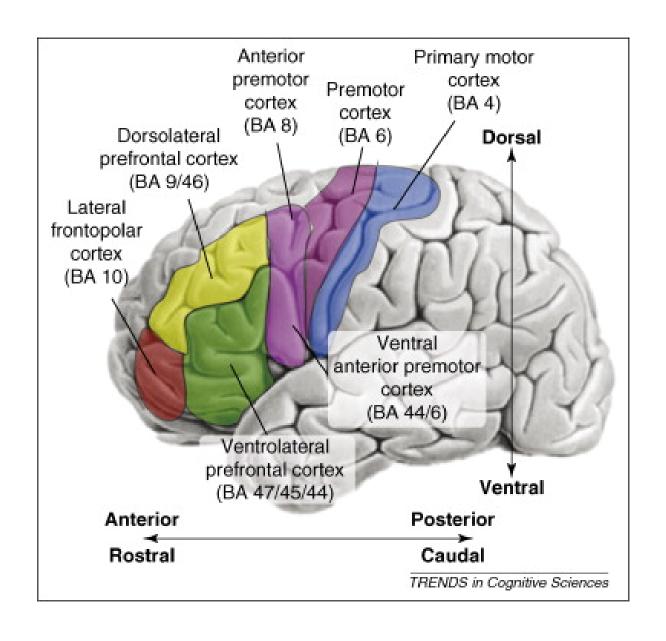


## Phineas Gage





### **Frontal Lobes**



#### **Executive Functions**

- Working Memory
- Conceptual Reasoning
- Planning
- Set-Shifting
- Multi-tasking
- Inhibition
- Fluency



# Children with Frontal Lobe Seizures

Can neuropsychologists measure cognitive functioning in these children????



# Children with Frontal Lobe Seizures

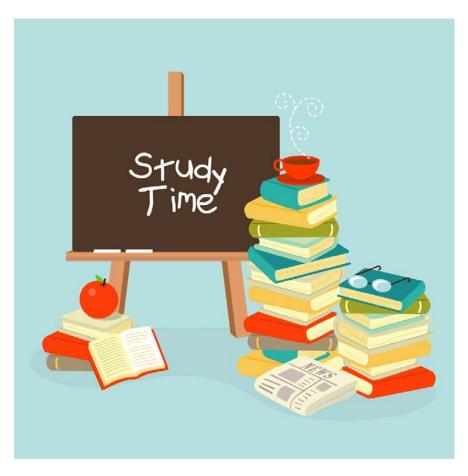
- Deficits in planning and impulse control (Culhane-Shelburne et al. 2002 JINS).
- Deficits in planning and motor coordination (Hernandez et al. 2002 Neuropsychologia).
- Deficits in speed of shifting mental set and perceptual motor speed (Sinclair et al. 2004 Pediatr Neurol).

#### Seizure Variables to Consider

- Age of Seizure Onset
  - Early age of onset
- Duration of seizures
  - Longer seizure duration
- Seizure Frequency
  - Greater number of seizures

# Frontal Lobe Epilepsy and Academic Ability

Do frontal lobe seizures affect reading???

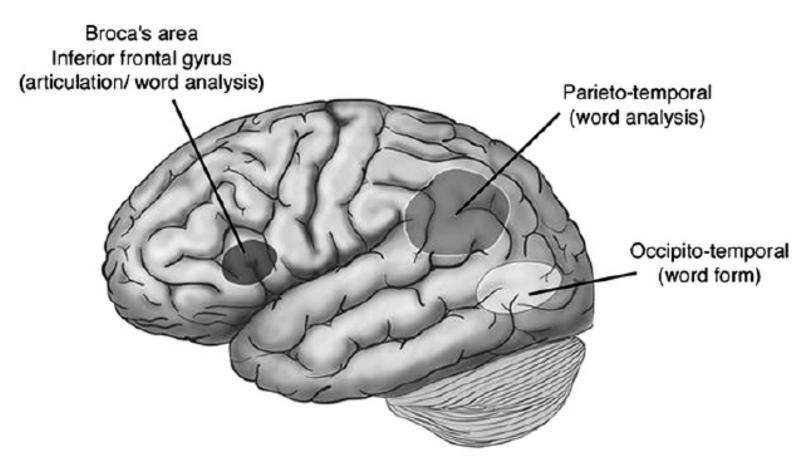


### **Epilepsy and Learning Disabilities**

 Prevalence of learning disabilities ranges from 2% to 10% in children.

 Prevalence of learning disabilities in children with epilepsy is 25%.

## Reading and the Brain



Copyright Sally Shaywitz, Overcoming Dyslexia, 2003

#### Phonological Awareness

Sensitivity to the sound structure of words

Rhyming

**Take** 

Cake

Phoneme Segmentation

**Bold** 

Old

Blending Phonemes

**Tuh** 

Oy

TOY

## Reading Measures

#### **Nonwords**

#### **Irregular Words**

- ib

- yacht

gat

- subtle

- sluck

- debris

- maut

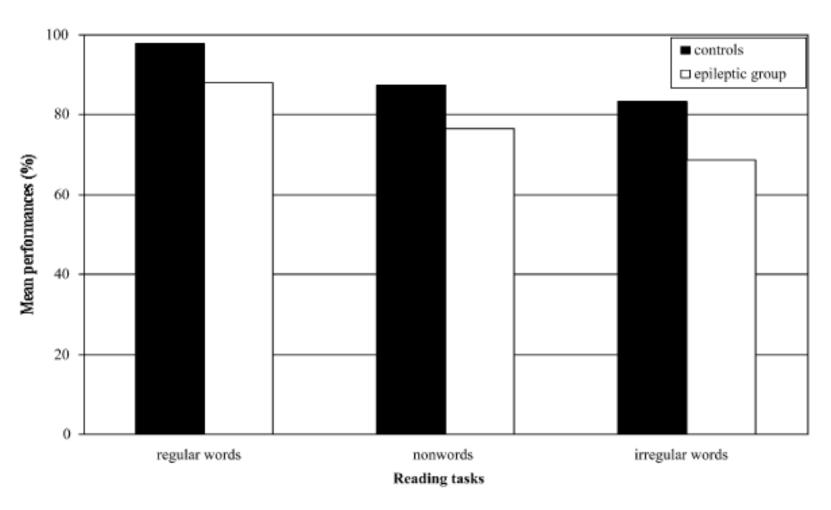
- island

# Reading Performance in Children with Frontal Lobe Epilepsy

- Children with frontal lobe seizures (n = 10), temporal lobe seizures (n = 10), and absence seizures (n = 10) were compared on tasks of phonological awareness and reading.
- Mean age 10.1 years

Vanasse, et al. 2005 Epilepsy & Behavior

### Reading in Children with Epilepsy



Vanasse, et al. 2005 Epilepsy & Behavior

# Phonological Awareness in Children with Epilepsy

Percentage of correct responses obtained on metaphonological tasks by epileptic and control children

|                 | Metaphonological tasks |                  |                   |                       |                       |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                 | Nonword repetition     | Rhyme production | Phonemic blending | Phonemic segmentation | on Phonemic inversion |
| Epileptic group |                        |                  |                   |                       |                       |
| TLE             | 79.5                   | 89               | 90.8              | 86.3                  | 85.8                  |
| (left/right)    | (82.2/68.8)            | (91.3/80)        | (91.6/87.5)       | (91.5/65.7)           | (91.6/62.5)           |
| FLE             | 75.8                   | 75.7             | 74.4 <sup>a</sup> | 79.2                  | 69.2ª                 |
| (left/right)    | (75.3/77.5)            | (73.4/85)        | (72.2/83.4)       | (77.1/87.6)           | (63.6/91.7)           |
| ABS             | 83.8                   | 90.3             | 92.9              | 81.1 <sup>a</sup>     | 83.1                  |
| Control groups  |                        |                  |                   |                       |                       |
| TLE             | 83.25                  | 92.35            | 97.36             | 91.28                 | 91.66                 |
| FLE             | 81.75                  | 85.99            | 98.24             | 86.27                 | 93.32                 |
| ABS             | 83.75                  | 84.01            | 96.57             | 91.89                 | 93.87                 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> P < 0.05.

Vanasse, et al. 2005 Epilepsy & Behavior

## Importance of Early Identification and Intervention

- "Wait ... They Will Catch Up"
- Explicit Training in Phonological Awareness Skills
- Intervention –Frequent, Regular, and Sufficient Duration
- Resources
  - Overcoming Dyslexia by Sally Shaywitz
  - Schwab Learning www.schwablearning.org
  - Learning Disabilities Association of America www.ldanatl.org

#### Conclusions

- Neuropsychology plays an important role in furthering our knowledge of brain function.
- The neuropsychological evaluation is useful in measuring behavior in individuals with epilepsy.
- Children with epilepsy are at risk for academic problems.

#### Questions

